
Playing the Dual-Track

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SPEAKERS



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Agenda

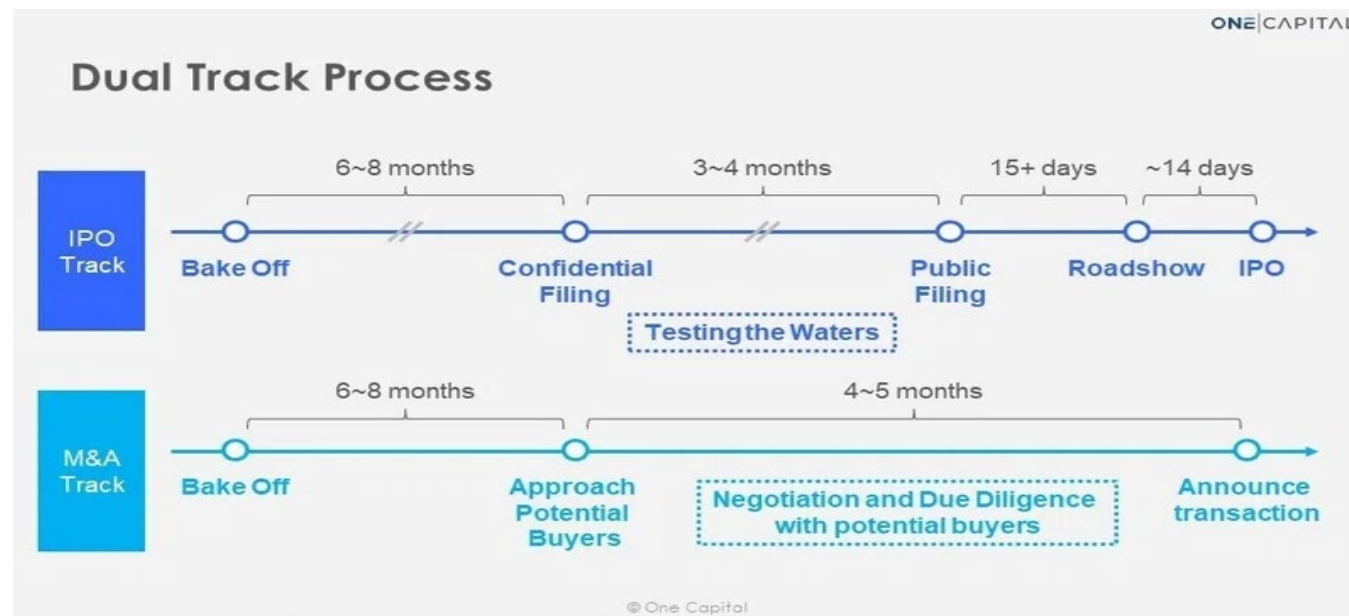
- What is the Dual-Track Process
- Why Sellers Pursue the Dual-Track Process
- Market History and Outlook
- Selecting Advisors
- The IPO Track
- The M&A Track
- Conflicting Views of Stakeholders
- Advantages
- Disadvantages



What and Why

What is the Dual-Track Process?

- A company considering an exit transaction concurrently pursues two paths:
 - an initial public offering (IPO) and
 - a merger or other sale transaction (M&A).
- Historically, an M&A exit was the fallback for an unsuccessful IPO. But this is evolving because:
 - companies are remaining private for longer, and
 - an IPO may not result in a higher valuation than the latest investment rounds.



Why Sellers Pursue the Dual-Track Process?

This parallel process can substantially increase the chance of:

- successfully exiting and
- achieving a higher valuation.

Flexibility

Sellers choose the transaction that is most likely to close and yield the greatest return.



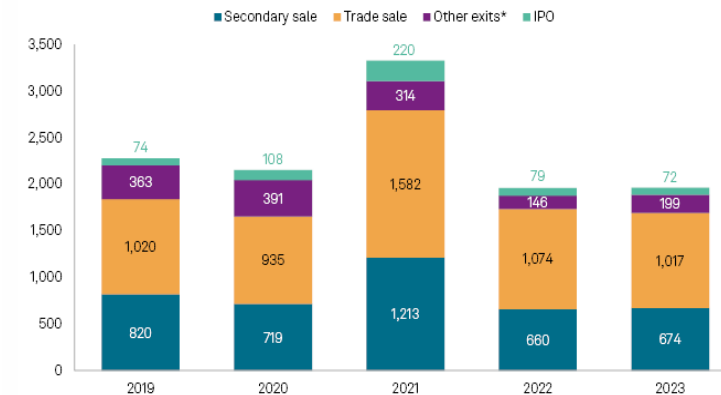
Market

Market History and Outlook

- After the exit spike in 2021, the downturn in transactions over the last two years was caused by numerous headwinds, including rising interest rates and inflation.
- As a result, there's a substantial backlog of assets accumulating in portfolios.
- Based on an [analysis by PWC](#), expected exits in 2024 and beyond will include many overdue exits from 2022 and 2023.
- ~50% of all overdue deals expected for 2024 and beyond come from the backlog of deals that were expected for 2023.

Private equity-backed exits by type, 2019–2023

Number of exits



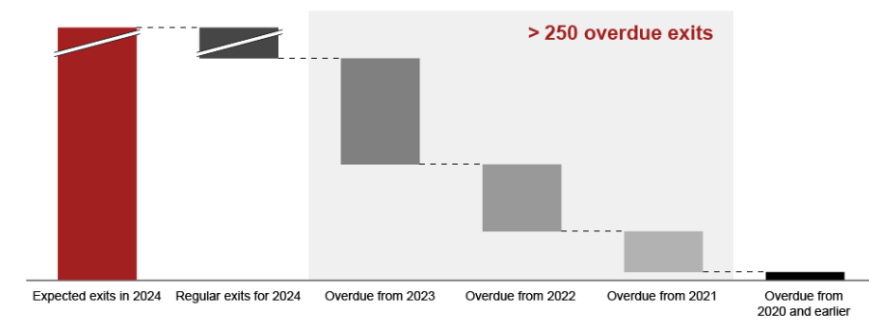
Data compiled Jan. 11, 2024.

* Includes bankruptcy/write-offs, private placement/follow-on, sale to management and unspecified exits.

Source: Preqin Pro.

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Overdue M&A wave expected in 2024 and beyond



Source(s): Pitchbook, Strategy& analysis



Choosing the Right Advisors

Selecting Advisors

- Advising on Both Work Streams?
 - Optimizing Efforts
 - Aligning Incentives
- The Team
 - Investment Bankers
 - Auditors
 - Legal Counsel
 - IPO Readiness Firm
 - Investor Relations Firm



The Two Tracks

The IPO Track

- Financial Statements
- Underwriting Agreement
- Due Diligence Process with the Underwriters and their Counsel
- The Registration Statement
- SEC Review and Comment Process
- Roadshow
- Pricing and Closing

The M&A Track

- Auction Process (typically involving multiple strategic and financial bidders)
- Confidential Information Memorandum
- Data Room
- Form of Purchase Agreement
- Bidding Rounds
- Negotiating the Definitive Agreement
- Do bidders know about the IPO?

Conflicting Views of Stakeholders

- Founders vs. Private Equity vs. Venture Capital vs. Board vs. Management vs. Late Investors
- Controlling Shareholders; Common vs Preferred
- Complete Exit in a Sale Process
 - PE preference to sell in a single transaction
 - Loss of Control/Influence
- IPO Exit takes Time
 - Lock-up Agreements
 - Affiliate Positions
 - Insider Trading Restrictions
- Strategic and Financial Counterparties
- Employees



Advantages

Less Dependence on Market Conditions and Greater Flexibility

- Market Volatility
 - Impact on IPO Pricing
 - Sector Peers
- Regulatory Uncertainty
 - SEC Review Process
 - Timetable Dictated by Securities Laws and Stock Exchange Rules
- Flexibility helps Manage Volatility and Uncertainty of the IPO Track
- M&A Track Risks
 - Industry Consolidation
 - Recent Comparable Transactions
 - Regulatory Review

Leverage for the Process

- IPO Track increases Seller's Leverage in M&A Track
 - Pressure on Buyers (Post-IPO Valuation may exceed Pre-IPO Acquisition Cost)
 - Higher Purchase Price
 - More Favorable Deal Terms
 - Quicker Execution



Disadvantages

Management Distraction and Risk to Business

- Dual Track Process Demands Substantial Time and Resources
- Management Focus
 - Day to Day operations
 - M&A Track
 - IPO Track
- Limited Internal Team to Maintain Confidentiality

Managing Two Streams and Increased Costs

- Timing Misalignments between the Tracks
 - SEC review process for IPO
 - Bidding and Negotiations for M&A
 - Financial Statement Staleness
 - Market Volatility
- Expensive
 - Fees Paid to Advisors on Two Work Streams

Dual-Track Synergies Can Offset Certain Disadvantages

- Financial Models/Forecasts
- Offering Documents
- Due Diligence and Data Rooms
- Management Presentations



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